EXHIBIT 2 PART 1

STATE BAR OF MICHIGAN

2007 Economics of Law Practice Summary Report



Table of Contents

Overview

The 2007 State Bar of Michigan Economics of Law Practice Survey. At a Glance	. 1
Income and Workload	
Gross Personal Income before Taxes for All Respondents	5
Gross Personal Income before Taxes by Work Classification	5
Gross Personal Income before Taxes by Major Field Of Practice	6
Median Gross Income before Taxes by Major Field Of Practice	8
Gross Personal Income before Taxes by Years in Practice and Gender, All Attorneys Median Gross Income before Taxes by Years in Practice and Gender for All Attorneys	9
and Private Practitioners Displaying the % of Female to Male Incomes	9
Median Gross Income for Private Practitioners by Firm Size	10
Median Gross Income for Private Practitioners and Non-Private Practitioners by Firm Size.	11
Gross Income before Taxes by Practice Regions.	11
Median Hours Spent Per Week on Work Related Activities by Work Classification	12
Median Annual Non Billable Hours by Work Classification	13
Attorney Perceptions	
Expectation of Satisfaction with the Practice of Law	15
Relative Amount of Personal Workload	15
Personal Satisfaction from the Practice of Law	15
Perceptions Concerning the Number of Attorneys	15
Perceptions of Current Economic Conditions Compared to Prior Years	15
Perceptions of Future Economic Conditions	15
Private Practitioners and Managing Partners – Firm Data	
If Your Firm Employs Paralegals or Legal Assistants, How are Their Services Billed?	16
By How Much Did Your Firm Change the Hourly Billing Rate Last Time it was Reviewed?	16
How Often Does Your Firm Review Hourly Billing Rates?	16
What Percentage of Your Billings are Uncollectable?	17
Top Median Hourly Transactional Rates by Firm Size	17
Distribution of Hourly Transactional Rates by Firm Size	17
Top Median Hourly Litigation Rates by Firm Size	18
Distribution of Hourly Litigation Rates by Firm Size	18
Median Hourly Transactional Rates by Years in Practice	19
Distribution of Hourly Transactional Rates by Years in Practice	19
Median Hourly Litigation Rates by Years in Practice	20
Distribution of Hourly Litigation Rates by Years in Practice.	20
Top 10 Median Hourly Transactional Rates by Field of Practice	21
Fop 10 Median Hourly Litigation Rates by Field of Practice	21

Hourly Transactional Rate by Work Classification	22
Hourly Litigation Rate by Work Classification.	22
Top 10 Median Hourly Transactional Rates by Office Region	23
Top 10 Median Hourly Litigation Rates by Office Region	23
Reported Staff Salaries	24
Appendix: Profile of Survey Respondents	
Average Age of All Active Members and Survey Respondents	25
Percentage of All Active Members and Survey Respondents by Gender	25
Demographics of Survey Respondents	26
Work Classification of Survey Respondents.	26
Major Field of Practice of Survey Respondents	27
Main Location of Practice of Survey Respondents	28
Survey Respondents by Firm Size	29

HE 2007 STATE BAR OF MICHIGAN ECONOMICS OF LAW SURVEY

The State Bar of Michigan Economics of Law Practice Survey provides Michigan attorneys with a resource that allows them access to the most current law practice economic information available collected by the State Bar of Michigan. The survey results are provided as a free service to members of the State Bar of Michigan.

The State Bar of Michigan Economics of Law Practice Survey has two practical objectives:

- To provide timely, relevant, and accurate information to inform and guide the practical management decisions of Michigan attorneys.
- To track and illustrate changes and trends within the legal profession over time.

The survey monitors and reports on several points of information that are useful to attorneys:

- Attorney income
- Prevailing average hourly billing rates for attorneys and legal assistants
- Time allocated to billable and non-billable professional activities
- Overhead expenses and management practices
- Staff compensation and benefits
- Perceptions regarding current and future economic circumstances related to the practice of law

Collection and reporting of this information is designed in a manner to differentiate among the various regional and local markets where sufficient data is available. Data is only reported for subgroups (such as field of practice, geographic location, firm size, etc.) where there are five or more respondents.

In addition to this summary report, the full survey results are available on the survey website at www.lawpracticeeconomics.com The website, provided by Synergy Management Solutions, Inc., allows for custom queries on several data points, and results are provided in ready-to-use charts, tables, and graphs.

The previous eight Economics of Law Practice Surveys were conducted by the State Bar of Michigan in paper format in July 1981, April 1984, June 1988, March 1991, April 1994, April 1997, June 2000, and June 2003.

In April 2007, the Law Practice Management Section of the State Bar released the 2007 Economics of Law Practice Survey in an online format via the Internet at www.LawPracticeEconomics.com, a service of Synergy Management Solutions, Inc.

For the 2007 Economics of Law Practice Survey, all members of the State Bar were invited to participate in the online survey or by paper survey if no e-mail address was available for the member. In the past, a sample size of only 25 percent of active members was selected to participate using a paper-based questionnaire. In 2003 1,200 individuals provided usable responses to the survey, and in 2007, 1,297 provided usable responses. All survey information is

collected and maintained in a confidential manner and reported in aggregate. No individual member or firm is identified.

The 2007 survey requested income data for the last complete calendar year. The 2007 report reflects the income earned by attorneys and firms in the previous calendar year. This procedure is consistent with all prior Economics of Law Practice Surveys.

To help interpret the information presented in the survey results, the following is a brief discussion of statistical terms, including measures of central tendency (median and mean) and measures of dispersion (spread).

<u>Mean</u> – The mean (also called the average or arithmetic average) is calculated by adding the values of all responses, then dividing by the number of responses.

For example, three responses (30, 1, and 2) are reported. The average is calculated by adding their values (30 + 1 + 2 = 33) and then dividing by the number of responses (3). Thus, the average is $(33 \div 3 = 11)$.

<u>Median</u> – The median is the middle value of a series, or distribution of values, which is initially rank-ordered (from low to high or vice versa). By definition, half the numbers are greater and half are less than the median.

For example, three responses (30, 1, and 2) are reported. The median is the middle number of the order of distribution (1, 2, 30), or 2. By comparison, the average of this same distribution, as shown above, is $(33 \div 3 = 11)$.

Use of the median as a statistical metric of central tendency reduces the effect of 'outliers' (extremely high or low values, such as the data point of 30 in the previous example), while the average does not. Median values are utilized throughout the results to denote the measure of central tendency.

<u>Percentiles</u> – In addition to the median, four other percentile values are used in the survey results to reveal the spread or dispersion of a particular data distribution. The percentiles include:

- 10th Percentile Ten percent of the values are less and ninety percent are more than this value.
- 25th Percentile Also referred to as the 'lower quartile.' One-fourth of the values are less and three-fourths are more than this value.
- Median or 50th Percentile Also referred to as the 'median.' Half of the values are less and half are more than this value.
- 75th Percentile Also referred to as the 'upper quartile.' Three-fourths of the values are less and one-fourth are more than this value.
- 90th Percentile Ninety percent of the values are less and ten percent are more than this value.



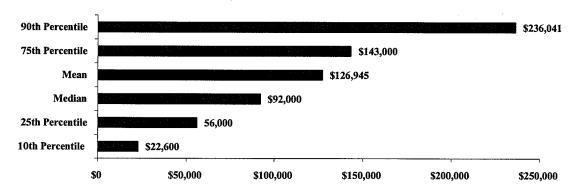
The tables in the 2007 Economics of Law Practice Report are intended to be self explanatory. Some observations include:

- The average age of survey respondents was consistent with the average age of all active members of the State Bar of Michigan. The average age for survey respondents was 46.7 years, while the average of all active members is 49.3 years.
- The gender split of survey respondents was consistent with the gender split of all active members of the State Bar of Michigan. 71.5 percent of survey respondents were male compared to 69.3 percent of all active members.
- The largest group of survey participants was solo practitioners (20.0 percent). Solo practitioners with one or more associates comprised and additional 3.8 percent while solo practitioners sharing space comprised an additional 3.8 percent.
- The median gross personal income for a Michigan attorney reported in the survey was \$92,000.
- Median gross personal income for females was lower than for males regardless of years in practice.
- The median salary for females in private practice was 67% of the median salary for males in private practice.
- In general, gross personal income increased with firm size for private practitioners.
- Of the individuals reporting the amount of time spent on unbilled community service per week, the median was two hours.
- 24.5 percent reported the practice of law was becoming less satisfying 8.3 percent reported it was unsatisfying enough to quit practicing and 5.3 percent reported it was becoming unsatisfying enough to change their practice area. 18.4 percent reported that it was becoming more satisfying and 43.4 percent reported that their satisfaction remains the same.
- 52.4 percent reported their view that there are too many attorneys.
- 61.7 percent reported that current economic conditions are worse than previous years.

- The median reported transactional and litigation hourly rates were the same at \$195.
- Private practitioners have relatively similar median hourly transactional and litigation rates regardless of work classification.

NCOME AND WORKLOAD

Gross Personal Income before Taxes for All Respondents



Gross Personal Income before Taxes by Work Classification										
Work Classification	Number	Mean	Median (50th Percentile)	10th Percentile	25th Percentile:	75th Percentile	90th Percentile			
Sole Practitioner	247	581,884	\$62,500	\$6,178	\$25,000	\$115,500	\$167,000			
Sole Practitioner with One or More Associates	47	\$307,506	\$180,000	\$46,000	\$87,500	\$296,250	\$805,764			
Sole Practitioner Sharing Space	46	\$111,571	\$71,788	\$6,500	\$41,250	\$166,000	\$266,000			
Managing Partner	51	\$251,215	\$143,000	\$40,000	\$74,142	\$245,000	\$500,000			
Equity Partner/Shareholder	205	\$206,301	\$155,000	\$65,400	\$108,000	\$250,000	- \$387,110			
Non- Equity Partner	42	\$158,202	\$128,500	\$75,000	\$94,750	\$173,750	\$237,400			
Senior Associate	63	\$109,038	\$96,000	\$62,200	\$74,500	\$112,750	\$135,600			
Associate	154	\$68,356	\$65,500	\$26,780	\$45,000	\$86,500	\$105,000			
Academia/Professor of Law	19	\$85,792	\$70,000	\$31,800	547,500	\$121,000	\$162,400			
Contract Attorney	10	\$77,850	\$65,000	\$24,300	\$31,750	\$124,875	\$152,000			
In- Hause Corporate Counsel	133	\$142,104	\$120,000	\$55,200	\$81,000	\$160,000	\$210,000			
Legal Services Agency Attorney	27	\$74,520	\$57,200	\$43,000	\$51,500	\$70,500	\$84,400			
Lobbyist/Trade Association	3	-	-	-						
Judge	14	\$124,775	\$139,919	\$72,300	\$138,679	\$140,000	\$149,589			
Admin Law Judge/Referee	15	\$89,253	\$89,000	\$59,520	\$81,000	\$99,500	\$114,800			
County Prosecutor	23	\$65,731	\$67,307	\$46,139	\$51,000	\$78,000	\$88,200			
City/State/County/Other	93	\$87.654	\$91,000	\$47,000	\$68,600	\$109,000	\$119,800			
Federal Prosecutor	2	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other Federal	31	596,864	\$97,0001	\$57.088	\$72,500	\$130,000	\$144,000			

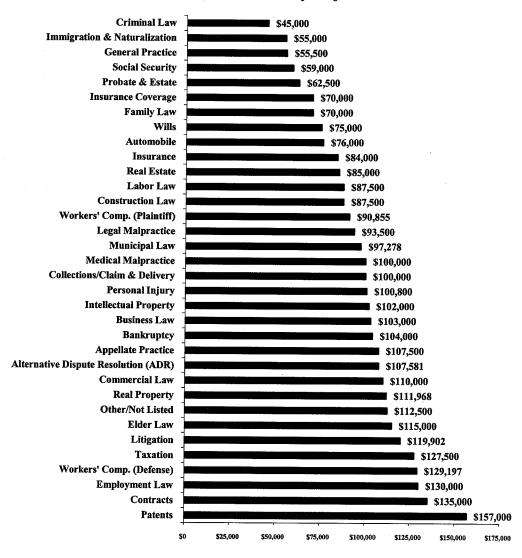
Gross Personal Income before Taxes by Work Classification											
Work Classification	Number	Mean	Median (50th p Percentile):	10th Percentile	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	90m Percentile				
Management, Non-Legal	23	\$131,971	\$110,000	\$61,800	\$72,100	\$150,000	\$265,200				
Not Practicing Law	18	\$52,660	539,445	\$0	\$10,250	\$54,250	\$91,000				
Retired	14	\$25,914	\$1,250	\$0	\$0	\$17,000	\$97,990				
Unemployed Seeking Legal	5	\$4,400	50	\$0	50	\$4,000	\$12,400				
Other/Not Listed	12	\$118,812	\$41,500	\$1,400	\$10,870	\$64,532	\$96,613				
Total	1297	\$126,945	\$92,000	\$22,600	\$56,000	\$143,000	5236,841				

Gross Pe	ersonal In	come befo	ore Taxes	by Maior	Field of F	ractice .	
	Number	Mean	Median 50th Percentile	10th Percentile	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	90th Percentile
General Practice Administrative Law	\$6 1	\$65,583 -	\$55,500	\$4,000 -	825,759 -	\$93,836	\$152,500
Adoption	154			77.	-	-	
Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)	5	\$106,116	\$107,581	\$31,200	\$42,000	\$117,000	\$190,800
Appellate Practice Arbitration & Mediation	20 3	\$121,250	\$107,500	\$49,500	\$63,750	\$138,500°	\$172,800
Attorney Discipline Defense	0						
Automobile	8	\$341,309	\$76,000	\$24,240	\$52,800	\$266,318	\$1,030,391
Aviation & Aerospace		######################################	0404.000		100		
Bankruptcy Birth Injuries	34	\$111,422	\$104,000	\$34,000	\$54, 2 50	\$149,750	\$194,900
Business Law	47	\$134,708	\$103,000	\$14,770	\$66,250	\$192,500	\$256,000
Carbon Monoxide Poisoning	. 0						1
Civil Rights Class Actions	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Collections/Claim & Delivery	10	\$138,300	\$100,000	\$63,500	\$67,750	\$211,750	\$252,500
Commercial Law	199	\$149,052	\$110,000	\$58,800	\$67,500	\$180,000	\$216,800
Condemnation Condominium Law	3	-	-	_	-	-	-
Construction Law	14	\$134,071	\$87,500	\$37,900	\$51,500	\$183,750	\$288,000
Consumer Law	[+ 31						
Contracts	6	\$170,000	\$135,000	\$37,500	\$70,000	\$241,250	\$337,500
Copyrights Criminal Law	43	\$102,849	\$45,000	95 700	£30,300	F142.500	P100 (00
Crummai Law	43	9104,049	945,UUU	\$5,700	\$29,300	\$142,500	\$199,600

Gross Po	ersonal In	come bef	ore Taxes	by Major	Field of I	Practice	
	Number	Mean	Median	10th	25th	75th	90th
			50th Percentile	Percentile	Percentile	Percentile	Percentile
Drunk Driving Defense Elder Law	9	\$118,819	\$115,000	\$63,351	\$65,000	\$150,000	\$179,550
Employment Law Environmental Law	31 15	\$179,088 \$199,067	\$130,000 \$161,000	\$80,000 \$45,800	\$91,000 \$112,000	\$231,000 \$279,000	\$310,000 i \$330,800
Pamily Law	72	\$86,514	\$70,000	\$14,910	\$19,450	\$132,650	\$169,900
Federal False Claims (Qui Tam) Actions	0	-	-	-	-	er en ek	
Government Immigration &	1 1 1 4 8	\$295,277	\$55,000	\$32,600	\$42,666	\$72,500	\$656,000
Naturalization Insurance	15	ES131,433E	\$84,000	\$31,891	\$62,600	\$116,000	\$307,000
Insurance Coverage	9	\$89,777	\$70,000	\$3,200	\$42,000	\$94,000	\$211,200
Intellectual Property Labor Law	14 12	\$257,050 \$113,186	\$102,000 \$87,500	\$26,200 \$48,050	\$81,250 \$70,625	\$172,250 \$158,418	\$813,000 \$223,500
Law Enforcement	3) 0						-
1 K Legal Aid	0.00						
Legal Malpractice Lemon Law	5	\$106,100	\$93,500	\$65,200	\$70,000	\$115,000	\$160,000
Litigation	98	\$165,191	\$119,902	\$57,500	\$90,625	\$194,000	\$316,000
Medical Malpractice Municipal Law	21) 18	\$288,346 \$119,938	\$100,000 \$97,278	\$57,500 \$41,882	\$65,000 \$69,250	\$330,000 \$154,250	\$1,000,000 \$225,400
Nafive American Law Patents	0.	6335.030	6157.000				
Personal Injury	15	\$238,820 \$179,960	\$157,000 \$100,800	\$94,000 \$28,700	\$104,000 \$74,000	\$287,500 \$150,000	\$486,000 \$262,000
Police Misconduct Probate & Estate	2	- \$85,762	- S62,500	- - \$6,493	- \$37,500	- \$100,000	-
Professional Liability	1	-	-	-	-	L.	-
Public Finance Real Estate	37	\$109,889	\$85,000	- \$17,600	\$50,000	\$126,000	\$192,000
Real Property	12	\$102,494	\$111,968	\$10,800	\$30,750	\$158,750	\$189,500
Regulatory Law School Luw	1 # 5443	-	-	1888 -	-		-
Securities Social Security	2	-	-	-	-	-	
Stock Broker Misconduct	9 0	\$83,400 -	\$59,000	\$42,200	\$53,000	\$80,000	\$146,000
Taxation Tax Problem Resolution	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$150,886 -	\$127,500	\$71,150	\$90,750	\$1.50,000	\$275,000
Irademarks	0			1000	12933		
Traffic Law	1	-	-	-	-	-	۲

Gross Pe	ersonal Inc	come befo	ore Taxes	by Major	Field of P	ractice	
	11						
Nation 1981	Number	Mean	Median 50th Percentile	10th Percentile	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	90th Percentile
Wille	9	\$76,515	\$75,000	\$35,800	\$60,640	\$112,000	\$121,000
Workers' Comp. (Defense)	8	\$149,755	\$129,197	\$67,896	\$102,500	\$208,750	\$247,000
Workers' Comp. (Plaintiff)	11	\$220,557	\$98,855	,000,882	\$81,000	\$206,000	\$317,280
Other/Not Listed	14 1,297	\$140,011 \$126,945	\$112,500 \$92,000	\$45,200 \$22,600	\$82,500 \$56,000	\$159,000 \$143,000	\$283,408 \$236,041

Median Gross Income before Taxes by Major Field of Practice



Gr	oss Persona	l Income Be	fore Taxes	by Years in	Practice :	nd Gender	. All Attorn	evs
		Number 1	Mean	Median	10th	7 25th	75th t	90th
				50th Percentile	Percentile	Percentile	Percentile	Percentile
4 or fewer	Male	99	\$56,932	\$50,000	\$2,319	\$33,500	\$80,000	\$101,200
4 or fewer.	Female	735	\$49,469	\$45,000	\$0	\$20,000	\$73,000	\$93,200
4 or fewer	Total	172	\$53,765	\$50,000	\$0	\$28,450	\$75,750	\$100,000
5109	Male	107	\$85,637	\$75,000	\$23,000	\$55,000	\$108,5000	\$150,000
5 to 9	Female	56	\$68,672	\$63,500	\$7,078	\$35,625	\$84,375	\$120,000
5 to 9	Total	163	\$79,808	\$72,000	\$15,200	\$49,000	\$100,000	¥\$134.000
10 to 14	Male	116	\$112,739	\$96,000	\$39,790	\$65,792	\$150,000	\$197,500
10 to 14	Female	60	\$85,769	\$80,000	\$28,000	\$53,750	\$99,000	\$131,000
10 to 14	Total	176	\$103,545	\$90,000	\$33,500	\$61,500	\$139,939	\$192,500
15 to 19	Male	94	\$190,540	\$121,259	\$60,750	\$80,000	\$186,500	\$278,500
15 to 19	Female	50	\$100,969	\$91,000	\$24,360	\$51,900	\$130,000	\$175,793
15 to 19	Total	144	\$159,439	\$114,168	\$45,300)	\$74,000	\$ \$171,109	\$258,800
20 to 29	Male	263	\$174,999	\$117,000	\$43,406	\$75,000	\$179,162	\$309,938
20 to 29	Female -	108	\$101,798	\$85,200	\$38,700	\$53,152		S217,400
20 to 29	Total	371	\$153,690	\$105,000	\$40,000	\$68,154	\$159,500	\$290,000
30 to 39	Male	209	\$179,958	\$130,000	\$38,880	\$89,000	\$200,000	\$325,724
30 to 39	Female	22	\$114,444	\$90,566	\$40,770	\$62,500	\$109,750	\$233,000
30 to 39	Total	2311	\$173,718	\$125,000	\$39,600	\$80,000	\$180,500	\$317,280
40 & over	Male	39	\$101,446	\$60,000	\$0	\$7,790	\$157,500	\$276,000
40 & over	Female	1	F104 F25					
40 & over	Total	40	\$101,522	\$60,000	\$0	\$7,895	\$153,750	\$275,500
Total	Male	927.	\$143,884	\$100,000	\$28,840	\$61,250	\$156,261	\$257,600
Total Total	Female	370	\$84,508	\$73,000	\$11,800	\$43,000	\$104,000	\$145,200
10tai	Total	1,297	\$126,945	\$92,000	\$22,600	\$56,000	\$143,000	\$236,041

Median Gr					active and (of Female			neys and
		All And				ivate Practi		
Practice Years	All L	Male	Female	% of Female to Male S	Total - 2	Male	Female	% of : Female to Male \$
4 or fewer	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$45,000	90%	\$49,300	50,000	40,000	80%
Number	172	99	73		119	71	48	
5-9	\$72,000	\$75,000	\$64,000	85%	\$73,000	\$80,000	\$70,000	88%
Number	163	107	56		109	793	30	
10-14	\$90,000	\$96,000	\$80,000	83%	\$90,000	\$100,000	\$70,000	70%
Number	176	116	60		125	82	43	
15-19	\$114,168	\$121,250	\$91,000	75%	\$125,000	\$142,000	\$95,000	67%

Median G			Faxes by Yea 21s, Displayii					neys and
		All Ario	rnevs		P	nivate Practi	ce Aftorneys	
Practice Years	AIL	Male	F	% of emale to Male S	Total	Male		2 of Female to Male S
Number 1	144	94	50		911	67	24	
20-29	\$105,000	\$117,000	\$85,200	73%	\$116,000	\$125,000	\$96,000	77%
Number	371	263	108		234	173	61	
30-39	\$125,000	\$130,000	\$91,000	70%	\$140,000	\$143,000	\$90,000	63%
Number	2313	209	22		159	146	13	
40+	\$60,000	\$60,000			\$60,000	\$60,000		
Number	40	39	100		28	28	703	
Total	\$92,000	\$127,000	\$73,000	57%	\$95,000	\$105,000	\$70,100	67%
Number	1,297	927	370		865	646	219	

Ŋ	1 edia:	a Gross Incon	ie fo	r Private Prac	titio	ners by Fin	m Size	
	Sole Practitioner			ole Practitioner th One or More Associates	P	Sole ractitioner aring Space		ig Partner
=	N	Median	N	Median	N	Median	N	Median
0	6	\$20,000		1.0	- 1			
1	221	\$60,000	6	\$144,000	32	\$65,000	2	-
2	3	7.	21	\$125,000	4	100	11	\$75,000
3 to 6	3	-	19	\$225,000	5	\$140,000	21	\$138,000
7 to 10 12 14		110	1		1.		8:	\$245,000
11 to 20					1	-	4	-
21 to 50		27.5						
51 to 100							1	-
100+							1	-
a consequence of								
一		nity Partner/ hareholder	Non-Equity Partner		Senior Associate		Asse	clate
÷ 5546	N	Median	N	Median	N	Median	N	Median
0 - 1-11								
1	3	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			2	-	1	•
213	21	\$120,000	1		3		16	· \$41,000
3 to 6	59	\$135,000	11	\$78,000	24	\$80,000	46	\$57,000
7 to 10	37	\$148,000	6	\$100,000	7	\$100,000	21	\$65,000
11 to 20	20	\$172,000	8.	\$155,000	9	\$105,000	18	\$75,000
21 to 50	31	\$200,000	7	\$125,000	14	\$115,000	28.	\$79,000
51 to 100	19	\$186,000	6	\$160,000	3		13	\$95,000
1004	. 14	\$320,000	3		1		6	\$100,000